INSTRUCTIONS

Woven Wrap

Baby carrier





safe versatile beneficent ergonomic











Chimparoo wrap

IMPORTANT! PLEASE SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

WARNING - Failure to follow the manufacturer's instructions can result in death or serious injury. Read and follow all printed instructions and view instructional videos before use.

Fallow the manufacturer's recommended weight range when using this carrier. Never use this carrier for a preterm infant without seeking the advice of a healthcare professional.

WARNING - SUFFOCATION HAZARD

Be aware of respiratory distress and risk of suffocation, particularly in babies up to 4 months. Your baby may be at risk of insufficient oxygen, suffocation and even death if you do not follow these instructions. Babies at greatest risk of suffocation include those born prematurely, those with respiratory problems and those under four months of age. Up until the age of 4 months, always verify that baby's mouth is not obstructed, and that there is enough space to permit good air circulation around baby's nose and mouth. Ensure the infant's face is above the fabric, visible, and free from obstructions at all time. Baby should not be curled tight chin to chest. Ensure the baby does not curl into a 'C' position with the chin resting on or near the chest. This position can interfere with breathing, even if nothing is covering the nose or mouth. You must be able to put one or two fingers between chin and chest. Be careful that the head is positioned further up in the carrier. Bad head position could place an infant at risk of respiratory distress, oxygen deprivation or even suffocation and death. Tilt your baby's head to the side and follow the instructions as indicated in adjusting the baby carrier so that baby's back is supported, with a slightly rounded curve. The baby must not be curled up in the carrier. Always verify the state of your baby.

WARNING - FALL HAZARD: Your balance may be adversely affected by your movement and movement of your child. Take care when bending or leaning forward. Never use a sling carrier when balance or mobility is impaired because of exercise, drowsiness, or medical conditions. Leaning, bending over, or tripping can cause baby to fall. Keep one hand on baby while moving. A person with physical problems that might interfere with the safe use of the product, including but not limited to muscular or skeletal problem, problems with balance or dizziness or painful disorders of the back or legs, should not use a baby carrier. This carrier should not be used in any instance where the wearer's balance and reflexes may be impaired. Avoid wearing your baby if you are tired, in pain, or have taken any substance that impairs your judgment. You are responsible for the safety of your child and any consequences that may ensue if it is not used safely. Be vigilant when moving. Do not take part in any activity that may cause you or your baby to fall.

WARNING - Head support may be required for a baby less than 4 months old if the baby is not positioned horizontally.

WARNING - Risk of injuries or burns. Never use sling carrier while engaging in activities such as cooking and cleaning which involve a heat source or exposure to chemicals. Do not cook or use dangerous objects while carrying your baby forward or on your hip. Be careful when walking through cluttered areas. Everything within the baby's reach can be dangerous. Always verify the child's position and the state of the knot. Be aware of the space around you when your turn or bend over to avoid injury to your child. Be careful around hot liquids, heavy or pointy objects!



WARNING - Do not use your carrier if there are signs of wear and tear. Inspect every part regularly. Check for ripped seams, torn straps or fabric and damaged hardware before each use.

Never wear sling carrier while driving or being a passenger in a motor vehicle.

Never leave a baby in a sling carrier that is not being worn. When not wearing your child in the carrier, do not leave your child to play with the carrier without adult supervision.

Check on the baby often. Ensure that the baby is periodically repositioned. Avoid wearing a baby over one hour in the same position. Allow your child to move. Watch for signs of compression and bad circulation. A bluish coloration is a dangerous sign. To avoid this, regularly check that the material is not constricting the legs, lift up the knees, move the ankles, the knees and the hips of baby and change his position. If baby falls asleep, do the same verifications regularly.

If using the sling while breast feeding, always move the baby's face away from the breast after the baby is done feeding.

Never place more than one baby in the sling carrier. Never use/wear more than one carrier at the time.

Be aware of heatstroke and cold. Do not overdress the baby, especially indoors or in warm weather. Be cautious in times of extreme heat. Always cover exposed skin from the sun. Your baby has more to fear from the heat than from the cold while in the wrap. In cold weather, make sure to cover both head and feet. Always check the blood circulation in the legs. You are better off putting the baby's legs inside the wrap when it is very cold and avoid exposing any extremities. Be attentive to your baby's needs.

Verify the baby's position. Ensure that the baby is safely positioned in the sling carrier according to manufacturer's instructions for use. Baby's back must be supported in a curve. Avoid putting baby such a way that the back takes up a hollow position, such as when baby's knees are lower than the bum, and baby thus is dangling by the crotch. This may lead to poor circulation and risk of back injury. Baby must be placed in the physiologic position to have the correct spinal curvature. Baby's pelvis will be tilted forward, knees slightly apart and raised to the level of baby's navel. Seen from the back, the bent legs form an "M". We recommend you limit facing baby out for a variety of reasons.

Adjusting baby's height. Baby must not be sitting too low on your hips. Baby's bum should be level with your waist. Baby can be placed higher with back carries. A simply way to verify baby's height is to kiss his forehead. If you need to bend down, baby is too low! If necessary, the wrap may be fastened high on the chest for a back carry. This allows your baby to see over your shoulder.

Read the instructions carefully. In order to avoid any injury, You are responsible for reading, watching the DVD and understanding all the knotting instructions before using the wrap. We are not responsible for any improper use that may cause serious injury. Practice with a cushion, a stuffed toy or a doll before using a carrier with your baby. Ask someone you trust to help you until you feel comfortable. Stand in front of a mirror or other reflective surface to verify baby's position. Always be aware of your baby's needs. Although the risk of suffocation is slim, make sure your child is comfortable, that he is breathing well and that he is not too hot. Practice on a soft cushioned surface such as a bed or sofa as needed.

Washing instructions. Hand washing and hang to dry is the best way to preserve the quality of your wrap. It is best to only use the gentle cycle at medium temperature on your dryer and the same for your washer. The wrap will shorter a bit after the first wash but we consider this on the length written on the label. Wash the wrap with look like colors.







Chimparoo woven wrap: The best baby carrier ever!!

The most comfortable, ergonomic and versatile wear. This wrap is first choice for those who want to use it from birth until about 3-4 years of age (3 kg - 30 kg) (7 lbs - 60 lbs) and have the clear intention of regular use at home and in other activities that are more taxing with continuous movements. For all sorts of activities, babywearing with the woven long wrap are feasible on your tummy, hip or on your back with the help of dozens of different knots. All you need is the will to learn them. For you and your baby, this wrap will become an essential.

Chimparoo wraps are made with 100% first quality cotton woven in cross twill that meet all criteria for obtaining high performance standards. They are diagonally flexible with no stretch in the length for maximal strength and easy adjustment. The material is thick enough to be soft and resilient but not too much to be stiff and hard to knot. The borders are sewn with a double hem that eases adjustments and solidifies knotting. Our wraps contain neither toxic products nor heavy metals and are made for newborns and young children. So that it may be used from birth to at least three years of age, the wrap must be at least 70 centimetres in width. This width permits coverage of the child from the knees to the head, legs bent. Embroidery is used to quickly identify the center of the wrap easing use when knotting.

All lengths of woven wraps may be equally used on the tummy, the hip or your back. They can be used with a newborn even premature, up until baby is completely able to walk or if needed right up until 3 or 4 years old, only the techniques differ, the ease of use and the weight distribution on the body of the wearer. According to the wearers' body, the baby's weight and your needs in babywearing, you must choose the size that best meets your needs. Consult our techniques for each knot and the advantages or inconveniences to help you in selecting the one that's right for you.















Instructions

The woven wrap will let you place the baby in the position you want. Here are the 5 positions we recommend.









Tummy to tummy

cradle

facing the world

on the hip

on the back

There are an incredible variety of knots and ways to wear one or two children with a woven wrap. We have carried out a classification amongst the techniques to help you in easing the task. By sharing your experience with other parents, participating in workshops or by browsing the web, you will discover plenty of different knots, tricks and clever ways to vary and ease use.

We have classified the knots into 6 types that we will show you with images on the website and on the DVD

| - 1-2 - 200 - 20 | Hammock | African torso | Kangaroo | Simple cross | Cross wrap | double hammock |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------------|----------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| Short wrap 2.50 m | X | Х | - | | | |
| Medium wrap 3.60 m | Х | X | х | Some varations | | |
| Regular wrap 4.50 m | Х | X | х | х | х | Х |
| Extra wrap 5.20 m | х | x | х | х | X | Х |

You don't have to master every single one to get satisfactory use from your wrap. If you have chosen the long wrap, we recommend starting with the front wrap cross with your newborn. In time, with the growth of your baby and a gain in your confidence, you can learn other techniques.

The instructional DVD covers security and positioning information, as well as a vast range of tying techniques for wearing your baby in front, facing in, facing out, in cradle position or nursing position. You will also learn how to wear your child on the hip or on the back, from newborn to an older child that only needs to be carried occasionally.

The website also includes a comprehensive section covering a variety of different carries and colour photos of tying sequences. This section is regularly updated.

38 page illustrated user's guide available to download on the website

Basic technique for front cross wrap, tummy to tummy

Place the middle of the wrap on the chest so that the upper edge passes directly under the arms. Have a side under the arm, lift it above your head and then on the opposite shoulder. When we take the time to deploy the wrap in the back, it cannot twist and it is easier to make adjustments on the baby to be well supported. Bring all the fabric in your hand to pass on your shoulder, keep proper tension and prevent it from falling on your arm. Perform the same operation on the other side. It is still better to adjust the wrap on chest before putting the baby.



After all adjustments, with both hands, make a small pouch. Keeping the baby face against you, slide it gently into the pouch feet first. Replace the top of the wrap to covers at least 2/3 of the head. The baby buttock should be well pressed against the wearer and knees well above the hips and navel. For newborn it is possible to keep the legs inside. Otherwise, we leave the legs down, and placed into a frog position. Pull each of the sections of the wrap, fold by fold, to tightly wrap the baby's body. Then repeat the two sides to cross in front under the baby's bottom. After crossing both sides of the wrap before, continue to wrap under the baby's legs. If the baby is very small you can pass underneath. Make a knot. If the baby falls asleep or need more support to the head, pull the fabric on the baby. In this way the baby is wrapped and supported.

We're here to help

Please take the time to discover which carry best suits your needs and to master this carry. The tying techniques are instinctive—it is just a matter of practice. Your efforts will pay off in the convenience and comfort that you'll enjoy when you reach for your wrap over and over again. A positive babywearing experience for you and your child is our priority. Please do not hesitate to contact us if you are experiencing difficulty. Workshops are held in locations around the globe. Visit our website for the information. We have a program of accredited reference online. Do a simple research on www.chimparoo.ca to find the closest reference from your location. Support is also available by telephone or e-mail. You may also contact our retailers, as they are generally a knowledgeable source of technical support.

For more information visit www.chimparoo.ca

Made in Canada

In conformity with the standard ASTM F-2907-13

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